Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Currently amended) A method for providing a labeled target protein or labeled target peptide, which method comprises the steps of:

- a. contacting a chemical molecule, which chemical molecule comprises, optionally beside a spacer and/or linker residues, and optionally comprises the following parts:
 - a target protein or a target peptide residue which is covalently bound as one of both terminal groups of said chemical molecule to a chemical backbone, which chemical backbone consists of amino acids and/or spacers and optionally linkers, covalently bound to each other, and which backbone contains, optionally beside a spacer and/or linker residues, and optionally contains
 - one amino acid or spacer residue as the second of both terminal groups of said chemical molecule covalently bound to a reversible or irreversible affinity tagging residue, with the proviso that in case that the affinity tagging residue is an irreversible affinity tagging residue, there is at least one linker residue covalently bound to said amino acid or spacer residue, which amino acid or spacer residue is on the other hand covalently bound to the irreversible affinity tagging residue, and
 - one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue which labeling residue may be detected by physical means,
 - with an affinity support, to obtain said chemical molecule bound to the affinity support via the affinity tag of the affinity tagging residue,
- b. removing impurities in the reaction mixture surrounding the affinity support to which the chemical molecule according to step a. is bound, and
- c. cleaving or eluting said chemical molecule from said affinity support to obtain
- e1(i) in case of an irreversible affinity tagging residue, a labeled target protein or labeled peptide comprising a chemical backbone, which backbone contains, optionally beside a spacer and/or linker residues, and optionally contains one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue which labeling residue may be detected by physical means,
- e2.(ii) in case of a reversible affinity tagging residue, a chemical backbone covalently bound to a protein or a peptide residue, which backbone contains, optionally beside a spacer and/or linker residues, and optionally contains
 - one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue which labeling residue may be detected by physical means,

- one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue, which labeling residue may be detected by physical means, and which labeling residue or spacer residue is covalently bound to a reversible affinity tagging residue.
- Claim 2. (Currently amended) A method for providing a labeled target protein or labeled target peptide, which method comprises a method of claim 1, comprising the steps of
- 4.<u>a.</u> reacting a compound, which compound comprises, <u>optionally beside a said spacer and/or linker residues, <u>and optionally comprises</u> the following parts</u>
 - one amino acid or spacer residue as one of both terminal groups of said chemical
 molecule covalently bound to a reversible or irreversible affinity tagging residue, with the
 proviso that in case that the affinity tagging residue is an irreversible affinity tagging
 residue, there is at least one linker residue covalently bound to said amino acid or spacer
 residue, which amino acid or spacer residue is on the other hand covalently bound to the
 irreversible affinity tagging residue,
 - one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue which labeling residue may be detected by physical means,
 - one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a reactive group containing residue, which residue is covalently bound as one of both terminal groups of said compound, and wherein the reactive group is able to react with a functional group contained in a target protein or target peptide,
 - with a target peptide or target protein,
- 2.b. contacting a chemical molecule obtained in step 1. with an affinity support, to obtain said chemical molecule bound to the affinity support via the affinity tag of the affinity tagging residue.
- 3.c. removing impurities in the reaction mixture surrounding the affinity support to which the chemical molecule according to step a. is bound, and
- [[4]].d. cleaving or eluting said chemical molecule from said affinity support to obtain
- [[4a.]](i) in case of an irreversible affinity tagging residue, a labeled target protein or labeled target peptide comprising a chemical backbone, which backbone contains, optionally beside spacer and/or linker residues, one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue which labeling residue may be detected by physical means,
- [[4.b]](ii) in case of a reversible affinity tagging residue, a chemical backbone covalently bound to a protein or a peptide residue, which backbone contains, optionally beside said spacer and/or linker residues, and optionally contains
 - one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a labeling residue which labeling residue may be detected by physical means, and
 - one amino acid or spacer residue covalently bound to a reversible affinity tagging residue.

Claim 3. (Currently amended) A compound, which compound comprises the following parts [[A]]a. a reactive group containing residue, which residue is covalently bound as one of both terminal groups of said compound, and wherein the reactive group is selected from the group consisting of thiol, halogen, imine, aldehyde, the double bond in a vinylsulfonyl or a maleimido group and a group which forms together with a carbonyl group of said residue a carboxylic acid derivative[[,]]:

Bb. a label containing residue, which label may be detected by physical means[[,]];

Gc. an affinity tagging group containing residue, which residue is covalently bound as the second of both terminal residues in a CHEMICAL COMPOUND, and wherein said affinity tagging group is a reversible affinity tagging group or an irreversible affinity tagging group, with the proviso that in case that the affinity tagging group is an irreversible affinity tagging group, there is at least one linker residue covalently bound to an amino acid or spacer residue, which carries the irreversible affinity tagging group, and

which residue of any of A., B. or C. a., b., or c. is selected from

- 1 to 10 amino acids, which amino acids are covalently bound to each other via amide bonds of the carboxylic acid group of one amino acid and the amine group of a second amino acid.
- 1 to 10 spacers, which spacers are covalently bound to each other via functional groups of said spacers, and
- 1 to 10 amino acids and spacers, which amino acid and spacers are covalently bound to each other either via amide bonds of the carboxylic acid group of one amino acid and the amine group of a second amino acid, or via functional groups of said spacers, or via an amine group or a carboxylic acid group of an amino acid with a functional group of a spacer[[,]];

Đơ. optionally further spacer residues[[,]]; and

<u>Ee</u>. optionally linker residues.

Claim 4. (Original) A compound according to claim 3, which is a compound of formula

wherein

A is

a group of formula

wherein x is 1 to 5, and

R is (C_{1-4}) alkyl carboxylic acid ester, e.g. propionic acid ethyl ester, or a group of formula

wherein y is 2 to 4, e.g. 2;

D is

a group of formula

or a group of formula

LABEL is a group of formula

or a group of formula

or a group of formula

or a group of formula

ANION -
$$(CH_3)_2N$$
 N $N(CH_3)_2$ LABEL5

wherein ANION is a negatively charged group, e.g. an anion, such as CF₃COO⁻,

X is a group of formula

$$R_1$$
 NO_2 NO_2 R_1 NO_2 R_2 NO_2 R_1 NO_2 R_2 NO_2 R_1 NO_2 R_2 NO_2 R_2 NO_2 R_1 NO_2 NO

wherein

 R_1 is H or CH_3 , R_2 is H or $-OCH_3$ and z is 1 to 5;

E is a group of formula

or a group of formula

wherein to one of the amine groups a group AFF is bound and wherein n is 1 to 4, and

EITHER the affinity tag is bound to a carboxylic acid residue, e.g. the carboxylic residue of (ADO1)n and is a group of formula

or of formula

or of formula

OR the affinity tag is bound to an amino group, e.g. to the ϵ -amino group of the lysine residue in LYS-GLY-NT1 or LYS-GLY-NT2; or to an amino group of (ADO1)n and is a group of formula

or of formula

or of formula

and

Y, Y', Y'' independently of each other are a group of formula

wherein n is 1 to 4, or a group of formula

with the proviso, that

- IF A is CYS or MAL,

THEN

D is LYS1, LYS1(GLY), GLY-LYS1, LYS-GLY1 or (ADO1)n-LYS1,

X is X1,

E is LYS-GLY-NT1 or (ADO1)n,

AFF is AFF1, AFF2, AFF3 or AFF4, and

Y, Y`and Y``independently of each other are GLY1 or (ADO1)n, wherein n is 1 to 4, and

- IF A is THIOESTER,

THEN

D is LYS2, GLY-LYS1, LYS-GLY2 or (ADO2)n-LYS1,

X is X2,

E is LYS-GLY-NT2 or (ADO2)n and n is 1 to 4,

AFF is AFF1, AFF5 or AFF6, and

Y, Y` and Y`` independently of each other are GLY2 or (ADO2)n, wherein n is 1 to 4.

Claim 5. (Currently amended) A compound-of according to claims $3\underline{4}$ wherein A, Y, D, Y`, X, Y`` and E are as defined in TABLE 1 below, wherein in X1 and X2, R₁ is methyl, R₂ is methoxy and z=3, and in (ADO1)n and (ADO2)n n=1, except for EX 12 wherein n=3; and for EX 11, 15, and 26 to 29 wherein n=2:

TABLE 1

8					1	1	1	1	AFF
8									
1	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1	ADO1	LYS-	AFF1
					İ			GLY- NT1	
9	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL2	GLY1	X1	ADO1	LYS-	AFF1
	0.0	0211	2101		0211		1201	GLY-	
								NT1	
10	CYS	GLY1-	ADO1-	LABEL1	GLY1	X1	ADO1	LYS-	AFF1
		ADO1	LYS1					GLY-	ĺ
						ļ		NT1	
11	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1	(ADO1) ₂	LYS-	AFF1
						ļ		GLY-	
12	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	3/4	(4504)	NT1	A = = 4
'2	CIS	GLTI	LISI	LABELI	GLYT	X1	(ADO1)₃	LYS- GLY-	AFF1
								NT1	
13	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1		ADO1	AFF2
14	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1	ADO1	ADO1	AFF2
15	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1	(ADO1) ₂	ADO1	AFF2
16	CYS	GLY1-	LYS1	LABEL2	GLY1	X1	ADO1	LYS-	AFF1
		GLY1	(GLY)					GLY-	
								NT1	
17	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1		ADO1	ADO1	AFF3
18	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1		ADO1	AFF3
19	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1	X1	ADO1	ADO1	AFF3
20	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL3	GLY1	X1	ADO1	ADO1	AFF2
21	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL4	GLY1	X1	ADO1	ADO1	AFF4
22	MÂL	GLY1- GLY1	LYS1	LABEL4	GLY1	X1	ADO1	ADO1	AFF4
23	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL5	GLY1	X1	ADO1	ADO1	AFF2
24	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL3	GLY1		ADO1	ADO1	AFF2
25	CYS	GLY1	LYS1	LABEL1	GLY1		ADO1	ADO1	AFF2
26	THIOESTER;	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL1	GLY2	X2	(ADO2) ₂	LYS-	AFF1
	R= (CH ₂) ₂ -CO-						(1	GLY-	
	OEt							NT2	
27	THIOESTER	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL5	GLY2	X2	(ADO2) ₂	LYS-	AFF1
	R≃ (CH ₂) ₂ -CO-							GLY-	
	OEt	21142						NT2	
28	THIOESTER	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL1	GLY2	X2	(ADO2) ₂	LYS-	AFF1
	R= (CH ₂) ₂ -SO ₃ H							GLY-	
29	THIOESTER	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL5	GLY2	X2	(ADO2) ₂	NT2 LYS-	AFF1
	R= (CH ₂) ₂ -SO ₃ H	GLIZ	LISZ	LABELS	GLTZ	^2	(ADUZ)2	GLY-	AFFI
	(01.12/2 00311							NT2	
30	THIOESTER	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL5	GLY2	X2	ADO2	ADO2	AFF5

EX	Α	Y	D	LABEL	Y'	Х	Υ"	E	AFF
	R= (CH ₂) ₂ -CO- OEt		100				-		
31	THIOESTER R= (CH ₂) ₂ -CO- OEt	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL1	GLY2	X2	ADO2	ADO2	AFF5
32	THIOESTER R= (CH ₂) ₂ -SO ₃ H	GLY2	LYS2	LABEL1	GLY2	X2	ADO2	ADO2	AFF6
33	MAL	GLY1	GLY- LYS1	LABEL2	GLY1	X1	ADO1	LYS- GLY- NT1	AFF1

and wherein the groups

CYS, MAL, THIOESTER, GLY1, GLY2, LYS1, LYS1(GLY), LYS2, LABEL1, LABEL2, LABEL3, LABEL4, LABEL5, X1, X2, (ADO1)n, (ADO2)n, LYS-GLY-NT1, LYS-GLY-NT2, AFF1, AFF2, AFF3, AFF4, AFF5 and AFF6 are as defined in claim 4.

Claim 6. (Currently amended) A compound-of any one of according to claims 3-to-5, which is covalently bound to the residue of a target protein or a target peptide via a bond originating from the reaction of a reactive group as defined in any one of claims 3-to-4., with a functional group of said target protein or target peptide.

Claim 7. (Currently amended) A compound-of-according to claim 6, which compound is further bound to an affinity support via-the an affinity tagging group-defined in any one of claims 3 or 4.

Claim 8. (Currently amended) A compound of any one of according to claims 3 to 7 in the form of a salt.

Claim 9. (Currently amended) A compound of any one of according to claims 3 to 5 or 8, when dependent on claims 3 to 5, bound to a solid support via a terminal functional group.

Claim 10. (Currently amended) The use of a compound-of-any-one-of-according to claims 3-to 5 or 8, when dependent on claims 3-to 5, for the labeling of a target protein or target peptide.

Claim 11. (Original) The use of a target protein or target peptide bound to a compound according to claim 6, in a high throughput screening assay.

Claim 12. (Currently amended) A kit comprising a compound of ef-claims 3 to 5 or 8, when dependent on claims 3 to 5, or a compound according to any one of claims 6 or 8, when dependent on claim 6, and instructions for using the kit.

Claim 13. (Currently amended) A method for identifying an agent that modulates the activity or characteristic of a target protein or a target peptide comprising the steps

- contacting a target protein or target peptide bound to a compound according to claim 6, with a candidate compound, which is expected to modulate the activity or characteristics of said target protein or target peptide,
- b. measuring a signal,
- b1.(i) in the absence of such candidate compound, and
- b2.(ii) in the presence of such candidate compound
- and determining whether there is a difference in the signals measured in steps b1. and b2.(i) and (ii), and
- c. choosing an agent determined in step b.

Claim 14. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an agent identified in a method of claim 13 in association with at least one pharmaceutical excipient, e.g. appropriate carrier and/or diluent, e.g. including fillers, binders, disintegrators, flow conditioners, lubricants, sugars and sweeteners, fragrances, preservatives, stabilizers, wetting agents and/or emulsifiers, solubilizers, salts for regulating osmotic pressure and/or buffers, e.g. further comprising another pharmaceutically active agent.

Claim 15. (Original) An agent identified by a method of claim 13 for use as a pharmaceutical.

Claim 16. (Original) A method of treatment disorders mediated by a target protein or target peptide in vivo, comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of an agent identified by a method according to the present invention.

Claim 17. (New) A kit comprising a compound of claim 6, and instructions for using the kit.